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CLAIMS

What we claim is:

1	1. A method for accessing a true lumen of a blood vessel from a sub-intimal
2	plane of the vessel, comprising:
3	identifying a site to enter the true lumen from a position in the sub-intimal
4	plane distal to a chronic total occlusion (CTO);
5	determining an orientation of the true lumen with respect to the sub-intimal
6	plane at the selected site;

physically securing tissue of the sub-intimal plane at the selected site; and establishing a path from the sub-intimal plane into the vessel true lumen.

2. A method for crossing a chronic total occlusion (CTO) in vasculature, comprising:

forming a track from a true lumen into a sub-intimal space of a blood vessel, wherein the track extends from a position proximal to the CTO in the true lumen to a position distal to the CTO in the sub-intimal space;

determining an orientation of the true lumen with respect to the sub-intimal plane at an identified re-entry site from a position in the sub-intimal plane, wherein the re-entry site is distal to the CTO;

physically securing tissue of the sub-intimal plane at the selected site; and selectively forming a path from the sub-intimal plane back into the true lumen.

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- A catheter system for accessing a true lumen of a blood vessel from a sub-3. intimal plane of the vessel, comprising:
- at least one visualization element for determining an orientation of the true 3
- lumen with respect to the sub-intimal plane at an identified entry site from a 4
- position in the sub-intimal plane distal to a chronic total occlusion (CTO); 5
- at least one system for physically securing tissue of the sub-intimal plane at 6 the entry site to the catheter system; and 7
- at least one re-entry device for establishing and maintaining a path from the 8 sub-intimal plane into the vessel true lumen. 9
 - A catheter system for crossing chronic total occlusions (CTOs) in 4. vasculature, comprising:
 - means for forming a track from a true lumen into a sub-intimal space of a blood vessel, wherein the track extends from a position proximal to the CTO in the true lumen to a position distal to the CTO in the sub-intimal space;
 - means for determining an orientation of the true lumen with respect to the sub-intimal plane at an identified re-entry site, wherein the re-entry site is distal to the CTO;
 - means for physically securing tissue of the sub-intimal plane at the selected site; and
 - means for selectively forming a path from the sub-intimal plane back into the true lumen.